Second Branch.

An adjourned meeting of the Second Branch of Council was held Saturday evening—present Messrs Altmyer, Armbrecht, Baird, Carpenter, Grawford, Darrah, Forbes, Hazlett, Heil, Hildreth, Hoffmann, Horkheimer, Knapp, Lancaster, Laughlin, Moflat, Pollock, Roth, Simpson, Smith, Sweeney, and Vockler—President Logau in the chair.

Minutes of last meeting read and signed.

Minutes of last meeting read and signed.

Joseph Forsyth, Wharimaster elect, appeared at the bar and took the prescribed

oaths.

The special order of the evening being called for, the First Branch was notified that the Second was now ready to go into an election for sundry officers.

Before the First Branch entered the chamber, the petition of C. E. Dwight for reduction of taxes; also that of Benj. Fisher. for remission of fine imposed in Fisher, for remission of fine imposed in police court, on Saml. Lewis for deliver-ing coal without having it weighed, were read and referred.
The First Branch entered, when the

rolls were called and quorums found pres-

ent.
Nominations for Assessor in the 1st district were called for, and J. M. Bickel was named. There being no other, he was

trict were called tor, and J. M. Bickel was named. There being no other, he was declared unanimously elected.

For the 2d district, Messrs J. E. Bier snd Mr. Emblem were nominated. Mr. Bier was elected on the first vote.

Messrs. Moses Ford, George Stewart, Michael Edwards, J. C. Clark, Daniel Murry, Robert Bond, P. H. French, W. A. Cochran and Jonas Graves were nominated for Clerk of the Market. After quite a spirited contest, Mr. Edwards was elected.

Messrs. Joseph Salisbury and J. E. Bier were nominated for Measurer of Wood and Lumber. The latter was

elected.

Messrs. Z. S. Wheat and Noah Price
were nominated for Overseer of the
Chalogang. Mr. Price was elected. Chaingang, Mr. Price was elected.
For Keeper of the Lockup, Alex. Wallace, J. Q. Belville, J. N. Little, A. C.
Winger and G. W. Blakemore were nominated, and Mr. Wallace was elected.
Messrs. Philip Heiser, Miles Teagarden,
James Naugle and Wesley Fry were
nominated for City Sexton. Mr. Heiser
was re-elected.

was re-elected.
Messrs, J. M. Warden and H. W. Philleps were nominated for City Collector.
Mr. W. received all the votes but three and was declared elected.

Mr. W. C. Smith was unanimously re-

elected City Surveyor.

Messrs. Joseph Tolivar and James M.
Bulger were named for City Weigher.

Mr. T. was elected.

Messrs. Elijah Day and Isaac Oldham
were nominated for Receiver, and the first

named was elected.
Drs. E. McCoy, S. L. Jepson, C. E. Martin, W. J. Bates, Jr., B. W. Allen and M.
F. Hullihen, were nominated for Health
Officer. Dr. Jepson was chosen on the named was elected.

second vote.

The election of City Solicitor was postponed; the First Branch retired and the

cond adjourned.
FIRST BRANCH.

At Saturday evening's special session of the First Branch, Mr. Wilson occupied the chair in the absence of the Mayor. The reading of the minutes of the last meeting was dispensed with. The First Branch was notified by the

Second that it was ready to go into joint session to carry out the special order of the evening, viz: the election of sundry

ilicers.
The First Branch repaired to the chamber of the Second, and after a protracted joint session, returned to its own and im-mediately adjourned.

SUIT DECIDED .- A Cincinnati exchange of a late date says in reference to the suit between the Wheeling, Parkersburg & Cincinnati Transports pany, vs. The Baltimore & Ohio Railway Company, brought to recover the value of the Steamer Rebecca sunk on the night of the 7th of Decemder 1869 while passing between the piers of a bridge being constructed for the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at Parkersburg, collided with a barge laden with stone, left tied between the bridge piers, after

night without the proper signal light, and was sunk. The Rebecca was owned by the Wheeling, Parkersburg and Cincinnati Transportation Company, valued at \$18,000 and insured for \$12,000. The company owning the Rebecca entered suit Superior Court of Cincinnati

against the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad for damages. The jury yesterday brought in a verdict in favor of the plaintiffs for

last week what is known as the Lovi \$11,250. The greatest bargain in real amend years ago.

No Quonum.-The young rowdies who have been in the habit of congregating at the upper end of the Second Ward Market House almost every Sabbath afternoon for some time back, failed to get a quorum yesterday. Cause why, Davis and Junkins are now on the beat.

## VIRGINIA CITY, NEV.

VIRGINIA CITY, Nev., February 1 -A has passed the Legislature and re-

knives and pistols to-day on account of some women. Three were killed and a

A Crusade Against Cuban Slavery.

New Youx, February 1.—The Cuban Anti-Flavery Commission, (of which S.R. Cottson is Chairman) per H. H. Garnett, Secretary, has issued an address to the President and people of the United States, asking for the support of the movement of the support o

## The Wheeling



Intelligencer.

VOL. XXI.

WHEELING, W. VA., MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 3, 1873.

NO. 134.

## **West Va. Educational Convention**

Minute of Proceedings.

Important Deliberation In pursuance of a call, a convention of the teachers and other friends of education, of the State, assembled in Gratton Friday, January Sist. The Convention met, by invitation, in the Lutheran church at 10½ o'clock, and was organized temporarily by the election of President W. K. Pendleton as Chairman and W. H. Mor

ton as Secretary.

President Pendleton stated the object President Pendiction stated the object of the Convention to be for consultation as teachers and friends of popular education in West Virginia, for the purpose of presenting a memorial or petition to the State Legislature on the subject of proposed amendments to the school law.

He briefly reviewed the article on education is the new Constitution and constitution and constitution.

cation in the new Constitution and com-mended it as forming a liberal and endur-ing basis for a public school system.

The Secretary presented the roll and

The Secretary presented the roll and the following names were recorded as members of the Convention. (The list includes the names added at the adjourned sessions.) Pres't W. K. Pendleton, Bethany College, Pres't A. Martin, W. Va. University, Dr. J. G. Blair, Fairmont Normal School, Prof. F. H. Crago, West Liberty Normal School, Prof. W. H. Morton, Wheeling Female College, Pres't W. Colegrove, West Va. College, Hon. C. S. Lewis, late State Supt. of Schools, Prof. S. G. Stevens, W. Va. University, J. C. Barnes, Co. Sup't, Marion county, J. H. Barnes, Co. Sup't, Marion county, J. H. Charter. Prin. Grafton Schools, J. H. Charter, Prin. Grafton Schools, J. H. Cupp, West Union Schools, Frank Carpenter, Fetterman Schools, J. W. Shirk, Webster Schools, J. M. Allen, Thorton Schools, Arthur Sinsel, Grafton Board of Education, Rev. J. H. Flanagan, Grafton, Rev. S. Steels, Grafton, Rev. W. Schaeffer, Grafton, Prot. J. H. Conwell, John W. Mason, L. E. Davidson, G. L. Whitescauer, B. G. Parke, H. G. Baver, C. M. C. Baver, C. B. C. Baver, C. B. C. Baver, C. C. Barter, H. C. Baver, C. B. C. Baver, C. Baver Whitescarver, B. G. Parks, H. C. Raven Whitescarver, B. G. Parks, H. O. Raven-craft, W. C. Bowman, Miss Lizzie Strib-ling, Miss Mollie V. Orcel, Miss Della A. Sinacl, W. L. Wood, J. A. Grant, L. Hay-mond, L. Mallonee, John Adair, G. H. Shaffer, John Deck, N. Rogers, H. L. Cole, H. Douglass, J. M. Hobbs, L. P. Carr, T. E. Cole, D. W. L. Grant, John Sinclair, Charles Henshaer, Gen. G. W. Brown, M. A. Hineman, Dr. M. C. Daugherts

Daugherty.
On motion, H. M. Anderson, of Indians, was recognized as a visiting member of

On motion, Hon. B. F. Martin was reuested to participate in the deliberations of the meeting.

An informal discussion was held in re-

gard to the subjects germane to the pres ent meeting, when it was moved that a committee of four be appointed to report business for the action of the Convention. On motion the Chairman, W. K. Pen-dleton, Hon. C. S. Lewis, Dr. A. Martin, and Dr. J. G. Blair were appointed as a

A committee on Business.

A communication from Dr.Loyal Young,
Principal of the Weston Schools, was read.

President A. Martin offered the follow-

ing, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we express our gratification at the progress already made in
educational matters in West Virginia, and at the liberal provisions in the new Con-

stitution for the further promotion of the same, and our confidence in the future of this great cause.

On motion, the Convention adjourned to meet at 2 P. M.

The Convention met pursuant to ad-On motion the Convention proceeded

On motion the Convention proceeded to the election of permanent officers. On motion President W. K. Pendleon was elected Chairman, and Prof. W. H. Morton Secretary of the Convention. Prof. F. H. Crago was elected Assistant

Secretary.

The Committee on Business reported resolutions on the following subjects, viz:

1. Local School Levy.

2. District (or township) Boards of Edu-

County Superintendents.
 District Institutes.
 Intermediate or High School

To these the Convention added the tolowing subjects:
6. Teachers' Certificates.

8. Text Books.

On motion the report was received and resolutions on the several subjects taken up in their order.

The first resolution, (see resolutions)

The first resolution, (see resolutions) after a lengthy discussion by Hon. C. S. Lewis, Dr. Martin, President Pendleton, Hon. B. F. Martin, Profs. Morton, Colgrove, Crago and others, was passed. Various amendments and substitutes were proposed but voted down.

The second resolution, when taken up in its original form, called out a long discussion on the District and Sub-District Systems and the proper number of

trict Systems and the proper number of school officers to represent them. All agreed that the number of school officers should be lessened, the school system simplified; and nearly all that each school district should have one school officer to look after its local interests and represent the sub-district in the township or district Board of Education. This idea property on the south corner of Main and Webster streets, to Joseph W. Ferrell for finally prevailed, and the resolution as

ed was unanimously passed. \$11,330. The greatest bargain in real cutte we have heard of for months. If our information is correct the sum paid is not half what the property cost a few years ago.

The resolution in regard to County Superintendents was discussed at some length. All agreed that the continuation of the office was essential to the highest interests of the schools, but a

resolution looking to an increase in their salaries was voted down.

The resolution recommending Teachers' Institutes, one for each Senatorial district, was ably elaborated by President Pendleton. He showed that the felt want of our schools was trained teachers, and believed that these District Teachers' Institutes with competent instructors, would add more than anything else to the efficiency of the schools throughout the State. The resolution after slight amend-

ceived the Governor's approval requiring a deposit of \$50,000 from foreign insurance companies doing business in this State, the deposits to be returned to the companies.

A twenty hours snow storm has just cleared. Show fell to the depth of 18 inches. schools in the several counties of the State. The resolution was passed without a dissenting voice.

On motion adjourned to meet at 7 P. M

The minutes of the previous sessions were read and approved.

On motion the resolution offered by Prof. Morton, on the subject of Teachers'

President and people of the United States, Professor Grago, Professor Morton and saking for the support of the movement for the abolition of slavery in Cuba. The collers participated. All concurred that gentlement mentioned will visit the principal cities and propose holding Cuban anti-slavery meetings, and will personally urge the attention of the matter on the Fresident.

Professor Grago, Professor Morton and others participated. All concurred that the examination of teachers should be public, at stated times, and by a man named A daughter Grace, himself. Dome fresident.

(Senatorial) Institute Board.

were offered, pending the discussion of which the Convention adjourned to meet

SATURDAY MORNING, 9 A. M. Convention assembled. Presiden Pendleton being absent, on motion President Alex. Martin was called to preside The minutes were read and adopted. The subject of Teachers' Certificates

was taken up, and after further delibera-tion a resolution recommending three grades of Teachers' Certificates was maured and unanimously passed by the The resolution on Text books met with hearty response from the Convention.
On motion the resolutions as a whole

ere adopted. On motion it was resolved that this Convention congratulate the Legislature upon the fact that it has the opportunity to give the State an educational system

worthy of an enlightened and intelligent citizenship.

On motion a committee of two were appointed to prepare a memorial embodying the action of this Convention to

RESOLUTIONS.

of the people."

Resolved, 3. That the qualified voters of each school sub-district should elect one Commissioner of Education whose duty it shall be to attend to the local educational affairs of the sub district; that the several Commissioners of the sub-districts should together constitute a District (or Town-ship) Board of Education, whose duties shall be to employ teachers, determine

Man. He repeated that testimony now.

Resolved, 3. County superintendents
should b: continued and elected by the
voters of the county.

Resolved, 4. That to improve the qualifications and increase the efficiency of the Common school teachers, Teachers' In-stitutes should be established and main-tained—one in each Senatorial district— to be held under the instruction of com-were stockholders in the road. It was

and during the life of the teacher, unless sooner revoked.

2d. Institute Certificates to be granted at the close of each Senatorial District Institute by the Board of Instruction of each Institute. Such Certificates should be valid in any part of the Senatorial District in which they are granted, and 3d. County Certificates to be granted upon public examination by the County Board of examiners, composed of the County Supintendent and two experienced teachers to be appointed by the County Supintendent and two experienced teachers to be appointed by the County Supintendent and two experiences.

Board of examiners, composed of the County Supintendent and two experienced teachers to be appointed by the County Court or Board of Commissioners. Such certificates to be valid only in the county for which they are issued and for remainder of the school year in which they are granted.

The County to convict inin, and he wish fired on the business.

A jury nom. From forty to fifty ballotings were cast in all. Nothing was learned upon an interview with several jurors to show that any were influenced by improportion.

that fund to the support of other than properly organized free schools should be prevented by law.

Resolved, S. That it would be well to

provide in a careful manner for determinng the text books of our schools, and that none but those prescribed by law be used in our schools, and that these be furnished at reasonable rates.

Resolved, 9. That we deem it advisable

to avoid radical or violent changes in our school laws.

this week, as erroneously telegraphed, having presided more or less every day. He denies he telegraphed the statement that he expects to prove his deposit on June 23d came from Mesers, Shoemaker, S. H. Stewart or A. B. Bowen, but exabout some letter he had from Ames, as to some of his rulings as Speaker, he (Coliax) addressed a letter to the Chairman of the Committee, asking that McComb be required to either produce the letter or point out the ruling so that it could be examined by any parliamentary expert as to its correctness. presses confidence in his ability to freely vindicate himself. He also states that after McComb first testified last winter about some letter he had from Ames, as examined by any parliamentary expert as to its correctness. Colfax desires to go before the committee the very day Ames re urus to this city, their conflict-ing statements having been given thus

far in the presence of each other.

Decision Against a Bigamist. Ludlow delivered a decision in a case pre-senting some novel points. One William-son was charged with desertion by a woman whom he married in Ireland six-English statutes on the subject being a violation of all morality, they were not recognized in this country, and rendered a judgment against the would-be biga-

Several substitutes and amendments BY TELECRAPH. ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

Exclusively to the Intelligencer.

The Credit Mobilier Inquiry.

M'COMB RECALLED. Washington, February 1.—At the sit-tings of Mr. Poland's committee to-day Mr. McComb was recalled. He said since his former testimony he had found addihis former testimony he had found additional papers relating to the investigation. A number of letters between Ames and witness were produced, but only one was put in evidence as relevant. This was dated December 7, 1868, and was from Gen. E. M. Dodge, then a Representative, to witness. It contained a postscript saying: We beat the rate resolution to-day 61 to 73; close vote. Witness received another letter from Ames in February 1868. be presented to the Legislature. President W. K. Pendleton and W. H. Morton Were appointed said committee.

On motion, the proceedings of the Convention were directed to be published in the West Virginia Educational Journal.
On motion, a resolution of thanks to the Pastor and officers of the Lutheran Church was passed. After approving the minutes the Convention adjourned sine die. ed as a member of that committee. On January 22, 1808, two days before the big dividend was declared, as an inspector at the election of March 9, 1868, he asked Resolved, 1. That the local school levy should be made by the Boards of Education of the townships or districts respectively as representatives of the "authority" March 23, 1868. Witness had no personal knowledge of any expenditure of money for any purpose in Washington. Was on the committee to examine Durant's ac-counts for some \$400,000 or \$500,000 of expenses. Upon reporting to Alley that Durant's accounts were all right, Alley replied that if they were right they must not let the people know it, as Durant must not be relieved from the odium cast shall be to employ teachers, determine salaries, lay and apportion the district Witness did swear in Philadelphia that levy, and to superintent and control the Alley relieved to sign the report, and gave educational affairs of the district generals in the control of the district generals in the control of the district generals in the control of the district generals as his reason that Durant was a dishonest man. He repeated that testimony now

petent professors for one month in each chartered by Iowa, not by Congress. year, for the sole purpose of training the teachers in their art.

Resolved, 5. That it is important to establish Intermediate or High Schools, at place to settle difficulties between him

least one in every county.

Resolved, 6. No person should be employed to teach in any of the free schools of the State unless he holds a teacher's certificate, which should only be valid under the provisions followings. Teachers' certificates to be of three grades, resident the contract of the Coakes ames contract was 1,00 shares, and his interest in the Credit Mobilies twenty-nine shares.

certificate, which should only be valid under the provisions followings. Teachers' certificates to be of three grades, viz.:

1st. Professional Certificates to be granted by a State Board of Examiners, composed of three members, one of whom shall be the State Superintendent of Schools, and the other two professional teachers, to be appointed by the Governor. Professional or State Certificates should be valid in any part of the State and during the life of the teacher, unless sooner revoked.

2d. Institute Certificates to be granted at the close of each Senatorial District

interest in the Northern Pacific Railroad at the time of the Oakes Ames contract was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the Northern Pacific Railroad at the time of the Oakes Ames contract was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the Northern Pacific Railroad at the time of the Oakes Ames contract was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the Northern Pacific Railroad at the time of the Oakes Ames contract was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the Northern Pacific Railroad at the time of the Oakes Ames contract was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the Northern Pacific Railroad at the time of the Oakes Ames contract was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the Northern Pacific Railroad at the time of the Oakes Ames contract was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the Northern Pacific Railroad at the time of the Oakes Ames contract was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the Northern Pacific Railroad at the time of the Oakes Ames contract was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the Oakes Ames contract, was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the time of the Oakes Ames contract, was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the time of the Oakes Ames contract, was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the Oakes Ames contract, was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the Oakes Ames contract, was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the Oakes Ames contract, was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the Oakes Ames contract, was 1,200 sharcs, and his interest in the Oakes Ames contract, w

session, and after three hours spent there

New York, February 1.—Mr. Tweed, last evening, said his trial was merely a political one; that they would never get a jury to convict him, and he was tired of the business.

remainder of the school year in which they are granted.

The Certificates of each grade should show the degree of proficiency in each branch of study prescribed by law.

Resolved, 7. That our system of Public Schools is a distinct department of the State administration, and as such is entitled to the individual support of the school fund; and that all efforts to divert that fund to the support of other than properly organized free schools should be prevented by law.

Resolved, 8. That it would be well to Resolved. 8. That it would be well to ginia for violating the revenue laws, though pardoned out. These things were not discovered until after the jury was sworn. The prosecution have informa-tion that some of the jury had been tam-pered with, and it is probable that they will take suitable action thereon.

Judge Davis this morning relused to

What Mr. Colfax Has to Say For Himself.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Mr. Colfax has not been absent from the Senate any day this week, as erroneously telegraphed having weekers as erroneously telegraphed.

New York, February 1.—The counse in the Stokes case in the event of a failure to obtain an order for a new trial from Judge Boardman, will apply for a stay of proceedings; and thereby secure a review of the case by a full bench of

mony was being taken; also, that the Judge was at one time off the bench, but allowed them to be brought in by affidation the motion for a new trial. The motion for a new trial was then commenced, and the papers in the case read. PHILADELPHIA, February 1.—In the alleging irregularities, and the nosumy sourt of Common Pleas to day Judge the prisoner by the jurors. One special affidavit is by Mary Bean, stating that on the murder, is going past the Among them were numerous affidavita woman whom he married in Ireland sixteen years ago. His defence was that the English statutes invalidated the marriage on account of his being a Protestant and she a Catholic. Seven children were born of the union. The Judge held that the English statutes on the subject being a protestant and she account of the union. The statute of the union of the unio hotel she heard a pisiol shot. Was about to marry at this time and her friends fear-ing she would be locked up as a witness, dissuaded her from telling what she saw. She gives numerous references to respec

able parties. The motion will be decided and monday.

WASHINGTON, February 1 .- After some Washington, resulting a claims of no public impor-reliminary business of no public impor-ince, the bills on private land claims know of any government directors or commissioners who were paid anything ance, the bills on private land claim were considered.

Among the bills passed were the follow

ing: To secure more effective, adminis-tration of Indian affairs; appropriating ont of the Japanese indemnity fund \$123, 600 for distribution among the officers and crew of the Alyoming and Takiaingand crew of the Alyoning and Takining-on as bounty for the destruction of pirat-ical vessels at Simonezka, Japan.

The House at 3, o'dlock went into a committee on the private calendar. A long discussion took place on the bill for

the payment of expenses incurred in the suppression of Indian hostilities in Montana in 1867, according to an examination of the report of the Inspector, Gen. Jas. A. Hardie. The Committee reported the bill, but no action was taken by the

A bill for the relief of certain contract ors for the construction of a vessel of war was rejected.
On motion of Mr. Banks, a sub-com-

On motion of Mr. Banks, a sub-committee of the Select Committee on the Union. Pacific. Rallroad. Company and Credit Mobilier was authorized to take testimony in Philadelphia, New York and Rostor. Boston.
At 4 o'clock r. M. the House adjourned.

WASHINGTONlooked upon Wendell as exacting black mail. The road was first class then. F. H. Blair, General Buford and the other The Reasons of the Increase of the two commissioners showed no reluctance in discharging their duty. The Board of

Directors

Public Debt. WASHINGTON, February 1.—The reason Washingrow, February 1.—The reason of the increase of the public debt is stated at the Treasury Department, to be on account of the payment during the past month of interest on the Pacific Railroad Company's bonds over the amount rendered from the pay for services rendered of \$1,836,374. But for this the debt would have been decreased \$11,203,089. There were also discharged from the Treasury during January. in from the Treasury during January, in addition to the ordinary expenses, \$1,-200,000 to the Board of Public Works in his city, and \$1,000,000 on account of deficiences in the postal revenue, making a total amount of extraordinary expenses

luring January of \$4,066,394. Concerning the Postage of the Dc-

The Secretary of the Treasury to-day addressed a letter to the heads of De-partments, enclosing a resolution of the House instructing the Secretary to in-House instructing the Secretary to inform the House what appropriations are
necessary for the fiscal year for each
Department to meet the expenses for
postage on official business on account of
the abolition of the franking privilege.
The Secretary requests that he be furnished an estimate of the amount required by each Department on matter
received, distinguishing between written
and printed matter, giving, if possible. and printed matter, giving, it possible, the data on which the estimate is based.

It is proposed to ask an appropriation for postage on official matter for each Department.
The black sculptured marble donated by the city of Philadelphia to the Wash-ington National Monument will be for-warded to this city next week. Telegraph advices received here from

Europe indicate that the offerings for the new 5 per cent funded loan of the United States will be in excess of the amount advertised for sale, a part of the loan, however, having been reserved for sale in amine and settle the expense account.

The company were to charge such payments to the construction account. Wit-

this country.

The Treasury Department is in receipt of numerous applications and letters of in-quiry from national banks showing a general disposition to exchange their present eral disposition to exchange their present securities in the Treasury for new free. This action is precipitated by the fact that the loan is open for subscription but for a short time, and by the further fact that the other issues authorized will be at only

the other issues authorized win or acting and 4 per cent interest.

The Captain of an American vessel having left one of his crew in destitution at a foreign port, the Collector at New Orleans has been instructed by the Secretary of the Treasury not to clear the vessel without a deposit of three months extra

has been transacted by the Credit Mo-biller except settling up its affairs. The Credit Mohiller owns between 150 and 200 shares of the Union Pacific Railroad without a deposit of three months extra
wages for the disabled sailor.

It is probable that Mr. Alison, chairman of the Credit Mobilier Committee
No. 2, will, as a sub-committee, proceed
to Boston and examine the books of the
Union Pacific Railroad Company.

It is reported that General Buroside
will be appointed commander of the
United States Marine Corps.

The visit of the French, English and
Prussian National bands to Boston last
year, has had the effect of increasing the

year has had the effect of increasing the public interest in the United States Marine Band, which has become, although not originally so intended, perhaps the Na-tional band of America. It is known that the Marine band is not equal to the for-eign bands, and a movement has been made to increase the number of the band, now thirty, to secure a new and accomp-

lished leader, and magnificent uniform.

The Secretary of the Treasurer of New York to purchase 1,000,000 bonds each Wednesday, and sell \$1,500,000 of coin each Thursday during the month of February.

Refusal to Dissolve the Credit Mobi-

PHILADELPHIA, February 1.-In the Common Pleas Court Judge Allison re-fused the prayer of a petition of the Credit Mobilier for dissolution, which was asked for on the ground that since July, 1868 the corporation transacted no business. Judge Hays held that as Congress was now investigating as to the claims of the Government against corporations, therefore the Court should not do anything to preudice the rights of the creditors of the

The Wharton Trial-Disagreement of

ANNAPOLIS, February 1.—In the Whar ton trial, the jury at one o'clock sent in a communication to the Court stating that hey were unable to agree and asking to be discharged. The Court refused com-pliance, and at 2:30 P. M. the jury were

LOWELL, February 1.—Several female inployees in a dollar store on Merriman eating cake given them by a young wo-man recently discharged from the store. The cake was found to be arsenicated An investigation is pending.

LOUISVILLE, February 1.—Two large commission houses, owned by Plant & Brother and Bondmant & Drury, were destroyed by fire at Neckman, Ky., on TORONTO, February 1.—Arrangements are completed for the construction of the Canada Pacific Railroad. The formal A Boston Tragedy.

Boston, February 1.—This afternoon, a man named Alkred O. Love shot his daughter Grace, aged 4, and then killed himself. Domestic trouble was the cause of the tragedy.

Accident to Farragut's Statue.

Washingron, February 1.—Vinnie Ream's model for the statue of Admiral Farragut fell from a wagon while on the way to the Capital, this afternoon, and ot the tragedy.

Cashingron, February 1.—Vinnie Ream's model for the statue of Admiral Farragut fell from a wagon while on the way to the Capital, this afternoon, and was considerably damaged.

Cashingron, Gestroyed by life at Neckman, Ky., on Thursday night. The losses are estimated as follows: Pichat, 12,000; insurance, \$7,-000. Bondmant, \$5,000; insurance, \$2,-000. Bondmant, \$5,000; insurance, \$2,-000. Bondmant, \$2,000; insurance, \$2,-000. Bondmant, \$2,000; insurance, \$2,-000. Bondmant, \$2,000; insurance, \$2,-000. Bondmant, \$2,000; insurance, \$2,-000; insurance, \$2,charter will be issued on the return of the Governor General to Ottawa. 'Ten mil lions of atock are ready to be subscribed. Stock books are being opened in each of

The U. P. Railroad Inquiry. CONGRESS. FOREIGN. Washington, February 1.—At the sitting of the Wilson Committee this morning Wilson Snyder, the former morning Wilson Snyder, the former General Superintendent of the Union Pa-cific Railroad, testified that he didn't

of the company tacitly ac

quiesced in the psyment.

Charles O. Vanseandt, Speaker of the
Rhode Island House of Representatives,
testified. He had no definite knowledge

against Durant, to receive certain moneys, witness was Durant's lawyer, and was also retained by the Union Pacific Company and the Credit Mobilier. It was then conceded by the opposing parties that Durant's accounts were settled. The

suits were still pending. It was charged that Durant had spent money of the ex-pense account of the Union Pacific, and

never properly accounted for it. It was

not alleged that he spent the money for

corrupt purposes.

John Duff testified. In March, 1871

he was appointed on a committee of the

the objects for which the sums in the ex-

elation to the Oakes Ames contract.

ment, either directly or indirectly, or as to how the 135 miles of road already completed was embraced in Oakes Ames, contract. Witness said if that had not been in the contract, the part built by

Oakes Ames would have been increase

to that amount, 138 miles having been included as a part of the contract. He lurther explained the subject, and said he

was one of the seven trustees to whom

the contract was assigned by Ames. No government director had ever been a stockholder, nor had any stock been so

Thomas C. Durant, recalled, said: In

1864 he made arrangements with Joseph B. Stewart to settle the difficulties with the outside parties concerned in the Leavenworth & Pawnee Railroad; stated

the limit beyond which he could not go

at between four and five hundred thous-and dollars; there was no trouble with Congress, but among persons, some of whom desired the terminus to be at St.

ouis and others at several other point

Adjourned till Monday at 10 A. M.

PITTEBURGH, February 2 .- River about

The Canada Pacific Railroad.

. RIVER NEWS.

riesumption of pavigation.

First Snow of the Season. besides their milesge and expenses to their services, except Cornelius Wendell since deceased. Wendell wanted \$25,

since deceased. Yencell wanted \$20,000, and he was paid some for going to Oregon and Wyoming in 1868. Wendell, however didn't pay much attention to the road when there. Wendell didn't say he would make a favorable report. Some Snow-Fall. the most violent storms ever experienced oven at this season of the year. Snow ell to an extraordinary depth in the city and country. This morning it was six nones deep. In the streets of London sixty or eighty miles of the road were to be examined at that time. Witness paid the money on his own responsibility. In a conversation with Dr. Durant, then travel is almost wholly suspended. The omnibuses and cabs have ceased running, and scarcely a vehicle of any description has been seen in the streets all day. In Vice President, that gentleman declined to authorize the payment. A peculiar exi-gency, however, required the payment. Oliver Ames, President of the road, wrote the provinces the snow-fall was heavier

witness saying he did wrong in making the payment, and asked witness why he was not removed. It was never inti-mated that he was removed for paying Wendell. The money was charged to the account of the contingencies of con-Many wrecks have already been reported and there has been a fearful loss of life especially off Torquay and around Sicily The steamer Clau Alpine went ashore during the night on Black Head and bethe account of the contingencies of con-struction. He gave security for the pay-ment of the money also on his own ac-count. Wendell gave no reason for de-manding the money. He wanted it as "blood." Witness lelt justified in paying came a total wreck. It is feared that all on board were lost. The steamship Sarah was wrecked on the Irish coast near Balleggan, and fourteen of her crew were the money, owing to peculiar exigencies at that time, he being eight or nine hundred miles west of the Missouri river. He

An accident occurred to-day on the London & Northwestern railroad, at Stafford, by which several persons were

Paris, February 1-Communication between San Sebastian and the interior of Spain has been entirely interrupted by the Carlists. No mails from that country have been received in Paris for three days past. There is no communication with Bilboa except by sea. An attack on the city by Carlists is apprehended. Railway communication between Alsoena and Beasin has been cut by the insurgents, and the running of trains between those places is suspended. A Carlist hand is entrenched at Surrice. between San Sebastian and the interior of the payment of money to procure leg-islation on the subject of the Union Pacific ratiroad. In suits by Poland, J. Hazard and others in the Rock Island Courts A Carlist band is entrenched at Sturrioz and were attacked by a force of royal troops, but they maintained their position after a conflict of three hours. The insurgents claim a victory. Several Spanish customs officers on the frontier have

on French territory.

MADRID, February 1.—In the Lower Cortes to-day, Zorella, President, asked an appropriation of twelve million reals to enable the Government to put the telehe was appointed on a committee of the company to settle an account of \$126,000 for special legal expenses, but declined to serve because he knew nothing about them. Came to Washington at the instance of Oliver Ames, President of the Company at the time of Secretary Boutwell's action respecting the withholding of certain moneys from the Union Pacific railroad. He met in Washington Rollins, General Dodge, Bushnell, Tom Scott and others, who said the legislation on the subject would be right. Did not pay a dollar to any party in Washington, and paid his own board bills while there. Witness could give no information as to the objects for which the sums in the expectation of reaching the without the sums in the expectation of respectation or restored with the company at the time of the company at the time of the company at the time of the committed in the north by roving bands of Carlists; the Royal forces, however, vigorously pursued the Insurgents. The Government had received intelligence of the destruction of Maestrozzo's band of Carlists, the defeat of Babal's band and the complete route of another of 1200 Insurgents; loss 28 killed, including it wo Priests. It is expected that the insurrection would soon be end-

pense account were paid out. Had no knowledge of lawyers being employed here. Ofiver Ames and John J. Clsco were appointed on the committee to exvote of 559 against 42, adopted a resolu-tion condemning the conduct of parties who hoisted the red flag in this city. ness testified at length touching the acrelation to the Oakes Ames contract.

Sidney Dillon testified that the present property of the Oredit Mobilier consists of lands at Council Bluffs and Columbus, worth about \$155,000 and a note of the Union Pacific Railroad Company for two million dollars. As the note had never PARIS, February 3.—The Official Jour-nal states that only 11 persons were arres-ted in Montmastre Quarter, on Wednesday night, and all were released with two

The ities concerning the shooting of a Prussian by certain custom officials of Russia in Upper Silesia.

> ATHENS, February 1 .- The Italian Mino Greece refuses to have any com-ation with Pillotaki's Grecian Minister of Foreign Affairs, in consequence of the receipt of an alleged discourteous let-

HUNGARY.

PRAGUE, February 2.—Disturbances are apprehended in the districts surrounding Prague, because the meeting of the Zech delegates in the Bohemian districts to prove the state of the state o in the flames. tricts, to protest against direct elections, was prohibited. Troops have been sent

The Saltan Going to Vienna. Constantinople, February 1-The Sultan will attend the Vienna Exhibition. He will leave the Government charge of Yassex Izzedin Effendi. fore starting he will proclaim the latter heir to the throne.

Poisoning Case at Pcoria, Ills.

ST. Louis, February 2.—Dispatches rom Peoria, Ill., says that a poisoning ase was developed there yesterday. prears that Geo. Schuman died sudden \$2,000 in the Washington Life Insured for \$2,000 in the Washington Life Insurance Company, which sum was paid Mrs. Schuman a few days ago. Friday night Durant paid Stewart certain bonds after the legislation by Congress that year, but took no memoranda; no money that he had ever heard of was spent among Con-Henry Schuman, an only son, died mys-teriously, as did his father, exhibiting symptoms of having been poisoned. Mrs. Schuman and a person styled Dr. J. P. gressmen; no bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad Company passed to Stewart; they in part were of the Pacific Railroad, Eastern Division; witness said he never had any financial business with Thaddens Welder, who has been boarding with Mrs. Schuman, and with whom it is alleged she sustained improper relations, were arrested yesterday on suspicion of having poisoned the husband to obtain, son to secure, some real estate left by his lather. A post mortem examination of the boy's body was made yesterday before the Coroner's jury, and the case will be reported upon Wednesday, after the doctors have analysed the stationary. Weather clear. There is no mprovement in the prospects for an early

riesumption of navigation.

CINCINNATI, February 2.—R.ver 13 feet and falling. Several boats are loading for the South. The ice is floating heavily. Weather clear. The thermometer stood at 26 degrees at 7 o'clock this rening. Sr. Louis, February 2.—River stil for the purpose of preventing the election. The demonstrations were soon suppressed, sixty of the ring leaders arrested and five executed. falling. Weather clear but cold. Navi-gation is still suspended.

Startling Developments Concerning Louisiana Politics.

London, February 1.—The first anow form of the season occurred this morning. The fall was light.

Violent Tempest Throughout the British Islands----Extraordinary

LONDON, February 2.—The British Is-ands were visited last night by one of and in the extreme north drifts several feet deep. The gale raged with great fury all around the English and Irish coasts.

short time since.
New York, February 2.—Arrived, the

been driven away or forced to take refuge

FRANCE.

Paris, February 1.—After three days of agitated debate on the report of the committee on Lyons' war contracts, the National Assembly this afternoon, by a National Assembly this afternoon, by a National Assembly this afternoon by a national Assembly the Adonted a resolu-

Union Pacino Ratirosa Company for two million dollars. As the note had never been protested he presumed it might be considered good. The reason why he did not collect the money was that is might embarrass the company. A portion of the land will be required by the company and the remaining portion of it. GERMANY. New York, February 1—A dispatch from Berlin says the Library of the Royal Military Academy at Woolwich was burned last night, and sire a part of the clock tower. The loss is not stated.

It is stated that Bismarck has demanded an explanation of the Russian authorities concerning the abouting of a Press. pany and the remaining portion of it would thus be doubled in value. Since Since Oakes Ames' contract in 1867 no business

GREECE.

to those localities to suppress disorders.

Loss on houses \$50,000; no insurance.

Attempted Insurrection In Hayti. PORT-AU-PRINCE, January 20, via HA-VANA. January 21.—There has been an attempt to create an insurrection in Hayti

Washington, February 2.-The Com-

of Fifteen 18 00
of Twenty 22 00
And an extra copy to the person getting up Club.

Clubs of Ten.

Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

NEW YORK CITY.

The Weekly Intelligencer

CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITTER ARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE AND VALUABLE READING FOR THE FAMILY,

TERMS OF THE WERELY:

Single Copy, for one year, in advance,....\$ 1 50

NEW YORK, February 1.—The residents of Staten Island are remonstrating with the Legislature against the establishment of quarantine hospitals in their midst. Conklin, the defaulting secretary of the

Market Savings Bank, is to return from Montreal on the condition that he be guaranteed immunity, and testify concerning the misapprtopriation of the bank noncy in the suit against President Van

name.
A fire this morning in the five-story building of Wood Bros., 740 Broadway, damaged the property of Nicoll, Colollshaw & Co., upholsterers, to the extent of \$30,000, and its occupants in various sums, in all amounting to \$20,000.

NEW YORK, February 1.—The losses by the fire on Broadway will be nearly \$400,000. Cololishaw's losses will be over \$300,000, and Woods Bros. lose \$75,000. Insurance.

Insurance. It is stated that the authorities around the City Hall are about petitioning Gov. Dix for the pardon of Foster. George A. Everett, charged by Fannie

George A. Everett, charged by Fannie O. Shotwell with baving abstracted fifty thousand dollars worth of bonds from her, in connection with Frank A. Brooks, arrived here last nightin charge of detectives from Chicago. He offered ball this evening for trial

A Boston dispatch says the Cunard steamship Olymphis, from Liverpool, has been out 18 days, and is now over due. Peter Sutler was arrested here to-day charged with being concerned in the bank robbery at Waterford, near Troy, a

Steamship Australia, from Glasgow.
Samuel G. Courtney, one of the counsel for Richard B. Connolly, says that he is not a very great ways from the city, and will be on hand when his own trial is to avoid the rascally black-mallers who have orders of arrest against him.

A juror in the Tweed trial says the

jury stood nine for acquittal, three for con

viction and seven blank. Judge Se dgewick has given a decision in favor of the defendants in the eject-ment suit brought by the Madison Avenue Baptist Church vs. the Oliver Street Ban tist Church, and ordered a reference to ascertain the amount to be paid by plain-tiffs. The suit has been before the Courte for ten years, during which time the so cieties have worshipped together in Mad-ison avenue. The suit originated in a

A fire this morning in Brooklyn, at 807 Fulton street, damaged property to the amount of \$30,000. C. S. Furst, the occupant of the building, has been arrested the charge of arson. Four sisters, living on the fourth floor, narrowly es caped with their lives.

The body of the man found murdered in the Elysien Fields, Hoboken, the

dispute about the ownership of the prop-

other evening is supposed to be that of Henry Brooks, of Philadelphia. The Dutchess County Mutual Insur-ance Company has obtained a judgement for \$6,000 against Hatch, Field & Co., pankers, who bought bonds amounting to \$5,000, stolen from the Insurance Co. in

The property owners in favor of the annexation of New York and Broolyn have had a meeting, and discussed the bill to be introduced into the Legislature. Sixty thousand smuggled cigars were seized yesterday.

THE LATEST NEWS. —The trial of Mrs. Boyer, charged with the murder of Calvert A. Johnson, which has been in progress in the Crimnal Court of Chicago for a week past was concluded of Chicago for a week past was concluded Friday night, the Jury bringing in ver-dict of involuntary homicide and fixing the punishment at five years in the peni-tentiary. The evidence in the case was wholly circumstantial and one feature

wholly circumstantial and one feature was the disagreement of medical men as to the cause of death. A motion for a new trial was entered. -A Convention on direct trade and cm at Augusta, Ga, on the 11th inst.

chusetts have decided not to interfere in the case of McElhaney under sentence of death for wife murder. -The Vienna exhibition building has

-The Governor and Council of Massa-

been completed. The Sultan is expected be present at the opening. -The steamer Consett from Antwerp -The dwelling house of Henry Cairnes near Jefferson, Iowa, was burned Friday night, and Cairnes with two of his chil

dren and his brother Alexander perished

-The counsel for Ambrose E. Lynch. now under sentence of death at Pitts-burgh for the murder of William Had-field, deputy sherift, have formally given notice of their intention to carry the case up to the Supreme Court for review Their hopes for reversal are based or

-The Stark knitting mill, at Albany, Several lady operatives were burned.

The first through train eastward —The first through train eastward over the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad arrived at Richmond Saturday morning.

—Hon. Nehemiah Bushnell, one of the oldest and most prominent clizens and lawyers of Southern Illinois, and Chairman of the House Committee on the Judiciary in the Illinois General Assembly, died at his home in Onleav Assembly.

died at his home in Quincy on Friday evenidg, aged 59.

—Three laborers on the new Milwau-kee & St. Paul railroad were buried on Friday by the caving in of a gravel bank about twelve miles north of Chicago. Their appearance when disinterred indicated that all three were killed instantly.

—At Kirksville, Mo., a fire broke out at 2 o'clock Saturday morning and consumed twelve frame business houses.

Ohio Legislature.

COLUMBUS, February 1.—In the House a resolution was offered instructing the Ohio Senators to use their influence to procure the passage of a law to reduce the duties on railroad iron to two dollars per ton. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations.

Bills were introduced prescribing uniform rates of compensation for Probate Judges and to reduce the time of advertising no-tices of rates of taxes from six to two In the Senate a bill was introduced to

Washington, February 2.—The Committee on Elections summoned Beldon, ex-Attorney General of Louisiana, who, it is stated, has made startling developments regarding Louisiana politics.

gross receipts; to anthorize persons contained to the sum of the start of the start of the sum of the

epeal the law which taxes the gross re-eipts of foreign insurance companies, nd to provide for taxing their numual